KO13004

510(k) Summary

Submitter's Name/Address

Abbott Laboratories 1920 Hurd Drive MS 8-21

Irving, Texas 75038

Contact Person

Alicia Simpson

Senior Regulatory Affairs

Specialist

Regulatory Affairs

(972) 518-7864

Fax (972) 518-6533

Date of Preparation of this Summary:

November 21, 2001

Device Trade or Proprietary Name:

Device Common/Usual Name or

Classification Name:

Cocaine Cocaine

Classification Number/Class:

DIO/Class II

This summary of 510(k) safety and effectiveness information is being submitted in accordance with the requirements of SMDA 1990 and 21 CFR 807.92.

The assigned 510(k) number is: K013004.

Test Description:

Cocaine is an in vitro diagnostic assay for the qualitative analysis of benzoylecgonine (cocaine metabolite) in human urine. The assay is a homogeneous enzyme immunoassay with a 300 ng/mL cutoff. The assay is based on competition between drug in the specimen and drug labeled with the enzyme glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase (G6PDH) for antibody binding sites. Enzyme activity decreases upon binding to the antibody, so the drug concentration in the specimen can be measured in terms of enzyme activity.

Substantial Equivalence:

The Cocaine assay is substantially equivalent to the Emit[®] II Cocaine assay (K902579) on the SYVA[®]-30R Analyzer.

Both assays yield similar Performance Characteristics.

Similarities:

- Both assays are in vitro immunoassays.
- Both assays can be used for the qualitative analysis of Cocaine.
- Both assays yield similar results.
- Both assays are based on the competition between drug in the specimen and drug labeled with the enzyme glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase (G6PDH) for antibody binding sites.

Differences:

- Cocaine is a qualitative assay. Emit II Cocaine assay is a qualitative and semiquantitative assay.

Intended Use:

The Cocaine assay is used for the qualitative analysis of benzoylecgonine (cocaine metabolite) in human urine with a cutoff of 300 ng/mL. For use in clinical laboratories.

The Cocaine assay is calibrated with Benzoylecgonine and will detect cocaine and the major metabolites.

Performance Characteristics:

Comparative performance studies were conducted using the AEROSET® System. The Cocaine assay method comparison yielded acceptable correlation with the Emit II Cocaine assay on the SYVA-30R Analyzer. The concordance table shows 100% agreement. The Cocaine assay method comparison yielded acceptable correlation with GC/MS. The concordance table shows 87% agreement with GC/MS. The clinical specimens tested ranged from 56.8 to 70,040.0 ng/mL. Precision studies were conducted using the Cocaine assay. A within-run and total precision study was performed using five levels of control material. The total %CV for Verifier I is 0.48%, Cutoff Calibrator is 0.64%, Verifier II is 0.48%, – 25% of Cutoff Calibrator is 0.42%, and + 25% of Cutoff Calibrator is 0.47%. The Cocaine

assay cutoff is 300 ng/mL. The limit of detection (sensitivity) of the Cocaine assay is 35 ng/mL. These data demonstrate that the performance of the Cocaine assay is substantially equivalent to the performance of the Emit II Cocaine assay on the SYVA-30R Analyzer.

Conclusion:

The Cocaine assay is substantially equivalent to the Emit II Cocaine assay on the SYVA-30R Analyzer as demonstrated by results obtained in the studies.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES



Food and Drug Administration 2098 Gaither Road Rockville MD 20850

MAR 1 3 2002

Ms. Alicia Simpson Senior Regulatory Affairs Specialist Abbott Laboratories 1921 Hurd Dr. Irving. Texas 75038

Re:

k013004

Trade/Device Name: Cocaine

Regulation Number: 21 CFR 862.3250 Regulation Name: Cocaine test system

Regulatory Class: Class II

Product Code: DIO

Dated: November 26, 2001 Received: November 28, 2001

Dear Ms. Simpson:

We have reviewed your Section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent (for the indications for use stated in the enclosure) to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments, or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval application (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to such additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Parts 800 to 898. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the Federal Register.

Please be advised that FDA's issuance of a substantial equivalence determination does not mean that FDA has made a determination that your device complies with other requirements of the Act or any Federal statutes and regulations administered by other Federal agencies. You must comply with all the Act's requirements, including, but not limited to: registration and listing (21 CFR Part 807); labeling (21 CFR Part 801); good manufacturing practice requirements as set forth in the quality systems (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820); and if applicable, the electronic product radiation control provisions (Sections 531-542 of the Act); 21 CFR 1000-1050.

This letter will allow you to begin marketing your device as described in your 510(k) premarket notification. The FDA finding of substantial equivalence of your device to a legally marketed predicate device results in a classification for your device and thus, permits your device to proceed to the market.

If you desire specific advice for your device on our labeling regulation (21 CFR Part 801 and additionally 809.10 for in vitro diagnostic devices), please contact the Office of Compliance at (301) 594-4588. Additionally, for questions on the promotion and advertising of your device, please contact the Office of Compliance at (301) 594-4639. Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21CFR 807.97). Other general information on your responsibilities under the Act may be obtained from the Division of Small Manufacturers International and Consumer Assistance at its toll-free number (800) 638-2041 or (301) 443-6597 or at its internet address "http://www.fda.gov/cdrh/dsma/dsmamain.html".

Sincerely yours,

Steven I. Gutman, M.D., M.B.A.

Director

Division of Clinical Laboratory-Devices

Steven Dutman

Office of Device Evaluation

Center for Devices and

Radiological Health

Enclosure

510(k) Number (if	known): K013004	
Device Name:	Cocaine	
Indications For Us	e:	
The Cocair	ne assay is used for the qualitat	ive analysis of benzolecgonine (cocaine metabolite) in
human urir	ie with a cutoff of 300 ng/mL t	for use in clinical laboratories. Measurements obtained
by this dev	ice are used in the diagnosis ar	nd treatment of cocaine use or overdose.
The Cocair		zoyleegonine and will detect cocaine and the major
The Cocair	ne assay provides only a prelin	ninary analytical test result. A more specific alternate
chemical n	nethod must be used in order to	obtain a confirmed analytical result. Gas
chromatog	caphy/mass spectrometry (GC/	MS) is the preferred confirmatory method. Clinical
considerati	on and professional judgment	should be applied to any drug of abuse test result,
particularly	when preliminary positive res	sults are used.
	(Division Sign Division of 1 510(k) Number	n-Off) inical Laboratory Levices
(PLEASE DO NO	T WRITE BELOW THIS LIN	E - CONTINUE ON ANOTHER PAGE IF NEEDED
	Concurrence of CDRH, Of	ffice of Device Evaluation (ODE)
Prescription Use V (Per 21 CFR 801.109	OR (9)	Over-The-Counter Use
		(Optional Format 1-2-96)